

UD Answer Clinic

Shaista Azad, Staff Attorney

Goals of the Training



- **✓** Overview of the clinic (5 min)
- ✓ Logistics of the clinic (5 min)
- ✓ Introduction to UD law (10 min)
- ✓ Preparing an answer (20 min)
- ✓ Other considerations (10 min)



Overview of the Clinic



When



- Tuesdays and Thursdays
- Three appointment slots: 9:15 a.m., 10:00 a.m. and 1:00 p.m.
- Six lawsuits per clinic (two per slot)



Where



- The entire clinic is remote.
- Zoom conference (staff and pro bono volunteers)
- Conference call (pro bono volunteers and client)



Why



- To file a response on behalf of clients facing eviction.
- To help clients assert their defenses, feel heard and engage with the legal process with dignity.



Who



Clients – complete intake, client interview, review and sign documents

Pro bono volunteers – prepare for clinic, conduct client interview, and execute the game plan

Paralegals – obtain court documents, set up clinic, and provide logistical support

Clinic supervisor — issue-spot and prepare a game plan for the response, and review responses that volunteers prepare



Logistics of the Clinic



Case Information

You'll receive an email with:

- 1. Client's name and intake information
- 2. Court documents
- 3. UD checklist
- 4. Instructions for preparing a UD answer



Email

Hi Maryam,

Thank you for joining our answer clinic on Tuesday.

Your client is Dan Defendant. Dan is available at 9:45 a.m. and will be calling into the conference line then. Please join the Zoom call 30 minutes before your client's appointment time.

Also: Zoom link, conference call number and Lawyaw login.



Day of Clinic

- 1. Log into Zoom at your appointment time.
- 2. Discuss the case with the staff attorney to issue spot and form a tentative game plan.
- 3. Call the conference line at the scheduled appointment time and gather the information and fill out their fee waiver. This call should take no more than one hour.
- 4. Once the initial client interview is complete (about one hour), tell the client to hold on the line while you review their information with the staff attorney on Zoom.



Day of Clinic

- 5. Discuss the case with the staff attorney.
- 6. Enter the conference line again to let clients know the next steps and what to expect. Typically, they should expect to receive an email requesting signatures.
- 7. At this point you can typically dismiss the client and work on the answer form and fee waiver. Make sure to have the staff attorney review all documents before signing off.



Overview of Unlawful Detainer Law



General Process

LANDLORD
SERVES
TENANT
WITH NOTICE
(pay/quit,
cure/quit, or
quit)

FILES
EVICTION
LAWSUIT AT
THE COURT
AND THE
COURT
ISSUES A
SUMMONS

LANDLORD SERVES TENANT WITH EVICTION LAWSUIT TENANT HAS
5 COURT
DAYS TO
RESPOND TO
THE LAWSUIT
OR A
DEFAULT
JUDGMENT IS
ENTERED

TRIAL IS HELD
WITHIN 20
DAYS OF
LANDLORD
REQUESTING
THE CASE BE
SET FOR
TRIAL

JUDGE MAKES A DECISION ABOUT THE CASE IF JUDGE
DECIDES
AGAINST
TENANT,
SHERIFF WILL
LOCK TENANT
OUT OF UNIT
AT LEAST 5
DAYS LATER

"Unlawful Detainer" is the legal term for an eviction lawsuit in California.



Understanding the Layers of Protection



- 1. Basic Tenant Protections-Available to all tenants and should be available for all time.
- 2. Tenant Protection Act (TPA)-Generally available to tenants who have lived in an apartment complex for more than one year.
- 3. Local protections Some cities and counties have specific protections, such as Santa Ana and Cudahy.



Tenant Protection Act (TPA)

The Property is subject to the TPA if:

- 1. A tenant has occupied the premises for 12 months or more
- 2. Property has been issued a certificate of occupancy 15 years ago
- 3. AND not otherwise exempted under the law



Notices: No Cause Evictions

- 1. No Cause Evictions
- Notice that does not allege any reason for evicting a tenant.
- Permitted under basic landlord tenant law but not the Tenant Protection <u>Act.</u>



Notices: Just Cause Evictions

2. Just Cause Evictions include 2 types below. (Required in TPA cases.)

a. No Fault, just cause evictions

- Notice that includes a reason for evicting a tenant is no fault of the tenants (for example, owner move-in, or sale of the property).
- Generally, requires one month of relocation/one month of rent waived.

b. At Fault, just cause Evictions

 Notice alleging tenant did not pay rent, violated the lease, or created a nuisance.



Notices and Importance



Generally, a landlord must start the eviction process by serving the tenant with a written Notice.

Due to the summary nature of eviction procedures, the law requires STRICT COMPLIANCE with all statutory notice requirements.

Small errors from a landlord can result in a victory for tenant (i.e. LL doesn't include phone number on nonpayment notice, or statutory language about abandoned property in 60 day notice to quit).



Different Types of Notices



- 3-day pay/quit
- 3-day cure/quit
- 3-day quit
- 60-day quit
- 90-day quit



Common Defenses



- Habitability
- Repair and Deduct
- Waiver/Acceptance of Rent
- Notice Defects
- Retaliation: Based on Statutory and Common Law
- Discrimination/demanding info. regarding immigration status
- Standing and Lack of Capacity



Preparing an Answer



Answer Basics



When it Can Be Used:

Almost always an option when responding to a UD.

Advantages of a Answer:

- Quick to prepare.
- Can include any defense.



Documents to Complete



- 1. UD-105-Answer
- 2. FW-001-Fee Waiver



Lawyaw(Clio Draft)

Let's log into Lawyaw to see how it works.



3-DAY NOTICE TO PAY RENT OR QUIT

100		-
	Larry Landlord	Owner(s)
	Plaintiff(s)	
	VS.	
-	Dan Defendant	Tenant(s)
\vdash	Defendant(s)	
	and Does 1 to 10 inclusive	
	and Does 1 to 10 inclusive	

TO the above named TENANTS/RESIDENTS AND ALL OTHERS IN POSSESSION. PLEASE TAKE NOTICE, that you are justly indebted to the owner of the herein described premises; and notice is hereby given that pursuant to the lease and/or rental agreement under which you hold possession there is now due, unpaid and delinquent rent.

The total amount owing represents rent due for the following period(s).

Due from	June 1	. 20 23	thru	June 30	, 20 23	\$ 1,500.00	
Due from	July 1	20 23	thru	July 31	20 23	s 1,500.00	
Due from	August 1	, 20 23	thru	August 31	. 20 23	\$ 1,575.00	
Due from	September 1	20 24	thru	September 30	. 20 24	\$ 1,800.00	
			_	_			-

Total Rent Now Due \$ 6,375.00

WITHIN THREE (3) DAYS after service on you of this notice, you are hereby required to pay the amount of the above stated rent in full OR quit the subject premises, move out, and deliver up possession to the owner and/or his authorized agent. No personal checks will be accepted unless your written rental agreement provides for it.

PLEASE TAKE FURTHER NOTICE that unless you pay the rent in full OR vacate the premises WITHIN THREE (3) DAYS as required by this notice, that the undersigned does hereby elect to declare forfeiture of your lease or rental agreement and institute legal proceedings for an unlawful detainer against you to recover possession of the premises plus court costs, attorney fees, and malice is shown, the plaintiff may be awarded statutory damages of up to SIX HUNDRED DOLLARS (\$600), in addition to actual damages, including rent found due as provided for by California law.

The premises herein referred to which you hold and/or occupied by you are:

Address:	123 Main Street	Apartment or						
City:	Santa Ana	State:	CA	Zip:	92875			
County of:	Orange			2000.00				
Location to pay rer								
Name	Larry Landlord							
Address	124 Main Street	_						
City, State, Zip Usual Days	Santa Ana, CA 92875 ON-FRI Usual Hours 9AM TO 4P: 714-555-5555	и	PERSON AUTHORIZED TO GIVE NOTICE					
	PROOF O being at least 18 years of age, declare und the following tenant(s) in possession in the			ved the above	e notice, of which			
On 9/2/24 personally.	, I handed the notice to the tenant(s)		indicated pre	viously, I pos	ing service in both sted the notice in sidence of the			
On , after attempting personal service, I handed the notice to a person of suitable age and discretion at the residence/business of the tenant(s), AND I deposited a true copy in the U.S. Mail, in a sealed envelope with postage fully prepaid, addressed to the tenant(s) at his/her/their place of residence (date mailed, if different.		Mail, in prepaid,	tenant(s), AND I deposited a true copy in the U.S. Mail, in a sealed envelope with postage fully prepaid, addressed to the tenant(s) at his/her/their place of residence (date mailed, if different).					
Executed on 9/	1/24	Served by	Alondra M	anager				

This form courtesy of ExpressEvictions.com (800) 491-1951



Requirements for a 3-day pay/quit

- Must be in writing, and exclude judicial holidays and weekends
- 2. Can *only* ask for rent that came due within 12 months of the Notice being served.
- 3. Must state:
 - a) In the alternative
 - b) Amount due
 - c) Name, address and telephone number of a person to whom payment shall be made



The Interview

- Let us know if they haven't called in within 5 minutes of the appointment time.
- Don't promise representation.
- Generally, our clients are very appreciative.
- Try to re-direct the conversation back to the topic. We are their legal advocate, not their therapist.



The Interview

Good morning, Dan. My name is Maryam, I'm an attorney with the clinic, and today I'd like to assist you with preparing and filing an answer in your unlawful detainer case. I can't promise representation, but we will help you with filing a response.

I see that your landlord has filed an eviction lawsuit based on a 3-day notice for unpaid rent, and you state that you've paid rent for June, July and August of last year, and that you tried to pay September's rent. Also, I see that your landlord has not fixed the stairs or the windows.

Before we get into the case, can I please confirm the spelling of your name and your contact information? Thank you. Let's also do the fee waiver, and then we'll get into the case itself.

Jury v. Bench Trial



Jury Trial Demands:

 Need to speak with each client about jury demands and if they wish to ask for them.



Other Considerations



Expectations

- 1. Issue spotting and identifying the applicable law/defense is very difficult and new volunteers are not expected to do this on their own. The staff attorney will create a game plan which you will help execute.
- 2. Landlord tenant law is highly technical and has never been more complex. Focus on your individual case and you will gain expertise over time.



Tips for Working with Low-Income Clients

- Use everyday language and avoid legalese.
- Don't assume that the client understands.
- Parroting-Repeat your understanding of the events and ask if that's correct.
- Avoid judgment, especially when you think something should be easy or you disagree with a client's choice.
- A great defense usually means human suffering, so don't show inappropriate happiness.
- Always ask if the client knows anything else that they think you should know (hidden defenses and evidence).



Tips for Working with Low-Income Clients

- Huge power discrepancy between landlord and tenant.
- Understanding the pettiness and fiefdom mindset some landlords and property managers have.
- Understanding that people of color might be rightfully afraid to report incidents to the police.
- Do NOT re-traumatize a client by repeating offensive language.
- Understand that a person on the edge of eviction usually has many problems they are trying to address at the same time.





Subsidized Housing and Mobile Homes

Both mobile homes and subsidized housing have their own notice requirements with special rules.

- Mobile home Residency Law Civil Code section 798 et seq.
- Section 8 24 CFR 982.310 et seq







Demurrer

When the Complaint is defective on its face (including any attachments).

Advantages of a Demurrer:

- Gives client more time because it is a regularly noticed motion.
- Will result in the dismissal of the case if defect is in the Notice.
- Provides leverage in negotiations.



Thank you for your participation!





